

Thermal EFTs for CFTs

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- Thermal EFTs

$$\text{Tr}_{\mathcal{H}(S^{d-1})} [e^{-\beta(H - i\vec{\Omega} \cdot \vec{J})}], \quad S^1_{\beta} \times S^{d-1}, \text{ twist by } \beta\vec{\Omega}$$

Couple my CFT to the metric

$$G = ds^2 = d\tau^2 + \sum_{a=1}^{d-1} dr_a^2 + \sum_a r_a^2 d\theta_a^2, \quad (\tau, \theta_a) \sim (\tau + \beta, \theta_a - \beta\Omega_a)$$

$$= \underbrace{g_{ij} dx^i dx^j}_{\text{S}^d} + e^{2\phi} \underbrace{(d\tau + A_i dx^i)^2}_{\text{S}^1_{\text{sphere}}}$$

$S^{d-1} \subset \mathbb{R}^d$
 $\sum_a r_a^2 = 1$
 $z_1 = r_1 e^{i\theta_1}, z_2 = r_2 e^{i\theta_2}$



$$Z_{\text{CFT}}[G] = Z_{\text{QFT}}[g, A, \phi] \sim e^{-S_{\text{th}}[g, A, \phi]} \rightarrow \text{non-pert corrections}$$

- (1) (d-1)-dim coordinate invariance + gauge invariance
- (2) d-dim Weyl invariance

$$Z_{\text{CFT}}[e^{2\sigma} G] = Z_{\text{CFT}}[G] e^{-S_{\text{anom}}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 -\log \text{Tr} \left(e^{-\beta(H - i\vec{\zeta} \cdot \vec{J})} \right) &\sim S_{\text{eff}} = \int d^{d+1}x \frac{\sqrt{\hat{g}}}{\beta^{d+1}} \left(-f + \underbrace{C_1}_{\text{red}} \beta^2 \hat{R} + \underbrace{C_2}_{\text{red}} \beta^2 F^2 + \dots \right) \hat{g} = e^{-2\phi} g \\
 &= \frac{\text{Vol}(S^{d+1})}{\prod_{i=1}^{\lfloor d/2 \rfloor} (1 + \Omega_i^2)} \left[\underbrace{-\frac{f}{\beta^{d+1}}}_{\text{red}} + (d-2) \left((d-1)C_1 + \left(2C_1 + \frac{8}{d}C_2 \right) \sum_{i=1}^{\lfloor d/2 \rfloor} \Omega_i^2 \right) \frac{1}{\beta^{d+3}} + \dots \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 M_{d+1} \quad \mathcal{H}(M_{d+1}) \quad \text{Tr}_{\mathcal{H}(M_{d+1})} \left(e^{-\beta(H - \vec{\zeta} \cdot \vec{Q})} \right) &\sim e^{-S_{\text{eff}}} \\
 R = e^{i\vec{\theta} \cdot \vec{J}} \quad \theta_i = \frac{2\pi p_i}{q_i} & \quad \beta \vec{\Omega} = \vec{\theta} \\
 & \quad \frac{1}{\beta^{d+1+k}} \left(\Omega_i^k + \dots \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(d=2) \quad S_{th} = -\frac{2\pi\tilde{f}}{\beta(1+\Omega^2)}, \quad E_{vac} = -f/\beta \Rightarrow f = \frac{2\pi c}{12}$$

$$Z_{d \text{ FT}} = \underbrace{\exp\left(\frac{4\pi^2 c L}{12\beta(1+\Omega^2)}\right)}_{\text{contribution from ground states in modular dual channel}} + \underbrace{e^{-\#L/\beta} + \dots}_{\text{excited states}}$$

this can be reproduced from S-invariance of $Z(\tau, \bar{\tau})!$

contribution from ground states in modular dual channel

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} - \sum_{A, J}^{d>2} (f, c_1, c_2, \dots) \\ - \text{CHHH} \end{array} \right\} 2306.08031$$

Taylor:

- $\text{Tr}((-1)^J e^{-\beta H})$ vs $\text{Tr}(e^{-\beta H})$ (Beyond S -transform)

- Non-pert. terms. (Beyond vacuum states)
($d > 2$)

- Twisted Partition functions

$$R \in \text{SO}(d), R^2 = 1 \quad \text{e.g. } R = (-1)^J, \quad R = e^{\frac{2\pi i}{d} J_1 + \frac{2\pi i}{2} J_2} \in \text{SO}(d)$$

$q \in \mathbb{Z}$

• $\langle R \rangle$ acts freely on S^{d-1}

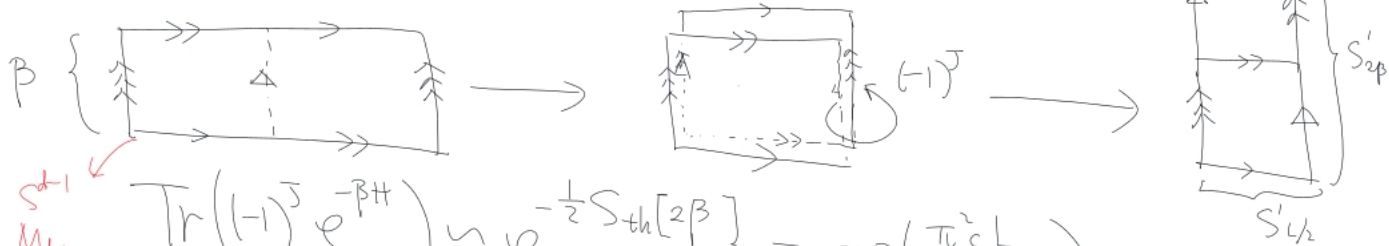
$$-\log \text{Tr}[R e^{-\beta H}] \sim -\frac{1}{q} \log \text{Tr}[e^{-q\beta H}] + \text{"change in topological terms"}$$

• $\langle R \rangle$ action is not free $R = e^{\frac{2\pi i}{d} J_1} \in \text{SO}(3)$

$$-\log \text{Tr}[R e^{-\beta H}] \sim -\frac{1}{q} \log \text{Tr}[e^{-q\beta H}] + \text{"change in topological terms"} + \text{"defect actions"}$$

- Folding Trick. change in top. terms $\Leftarrow (S_L/\mathbb{Z}_2) \times S_{2\beta} \neq (S_L \times S_{2\beta})/\mathbb{Z}_2$

$\text{Tr}((-1)^J e^{-\beta H})$ in a 2d CFT.



$$\text{Tr}((-1)^J e^{-\beta H}) \sim e^{-\frac{1}{2} S_{\text{th}}[2\beta]} = \exp\left(\frac{\pi^2 c L}{12\beta}\right)$$

This also follows from modular invariance under $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix}!$

$$\text{Tr}\left(e^{\frac{2\pi i P J}{q}} e^{-\beta H}\right) \sim e^{-\frac{1}{q} S_{\text{th}}(q\beta)}$$

- Higher d CFTs: no modular invariance, folding trick works!

$$\begin{aligned}
 -\log \text{Tr}_{\mathcal{H}(M_{d+1})} \left(R e^{-\beta H} \right) &\sim \int_{M_{d+1} / \langle R \rangle} \frac{\sqrt{\hat{g}}}{(q\beta)^{d+1}} \left(-f + c_1 (q\beta)^2 \hat{R} + \dots \right) \\
 &\sim -\frac{1}{q} \log \text{Tr}_{\mathcal{H}(M_{d+1})} \left(e^{-q\beta H} \right) \quad R^q = 1
 \end{aligned}$$

- The effective free energy will always be rescaled by q^{-d}

- Defect action:

$$S^{d+1} / \langle R \rangle \text{ is not smooth} \implies S_D$$

- Contribution from S_D is always subleading

→ Example: 3d CFT $\text{Tr} \left(\underbrace{e^{2\pi i P J / q}} e^{-\beta H} \right)$

$$S_{D_n} + S_{D_s} = \frac{a_{0, p/q} + a_{0, -p/q}}{q} + 2\beta \Omega \left(\frac{a_{1, p/q} - a_{1, -p/q}}{q} \right) + \dots$$

$$a_{i, x} = a_{i, x+1} \text{ bosonic}$$

$$P/q = 1/2$$

$$\frac{f}{\beta^D}, \quad D = \dim(\text{defect})$$

